

# COACH

# 360° FEEDBACK

# REPORT

Jack Doe
Rated by: Manager(1), Peers(3), Direct Reports(3)
August 18, 2011





# Participant Response Style Explained

Indicates the need for further examination – possible validity concern

### **PARTICIPANT SUMMARY**

Name: Jack Doe Age: 36 Gender: Male

Completion Date: August 18, 2011 Time to Completion: 21:50 Norm Type: General Population

### **INCONSISTENCY INDEX:** 3

The Inconsistency Index is 3 indicating a possible inconsistent response style. Results should be interpreted with caution as this person may have rushed the assessment, not taken the task seriously, or been highly swayed by wording subtleties within similar item pairs. You may want to check the completion time and delve into the item discrepancies further with the respondent.

The following item pairs had score discrepancies (see Item Responses page for more details): 71&116, 28&31 and 88&99.

### **POSITIVE IMPRESSION:** 0

### **NEGATIVE IMPRESSION: 2**

Both the Positive and Negative Impression indices are less than 3. Responses are likely neither the result of an overly positive, nor an overly negative response style. You may want to ask:

"Tell me about your process for responding to the items."

"What did you think of the items? Were any particularly difficult to respond to?"

### ITEM 133 (My responses to the preceding sentences were open and honest): 5

Jack's response was: Always/Almost Always.

### **OMITTED ITEMS:**

No items were omitted.

### **RESPONSE DISTRIBUTION**

Jack did not show a significant preference for using either the extreme ends or the middle points of the response scale.

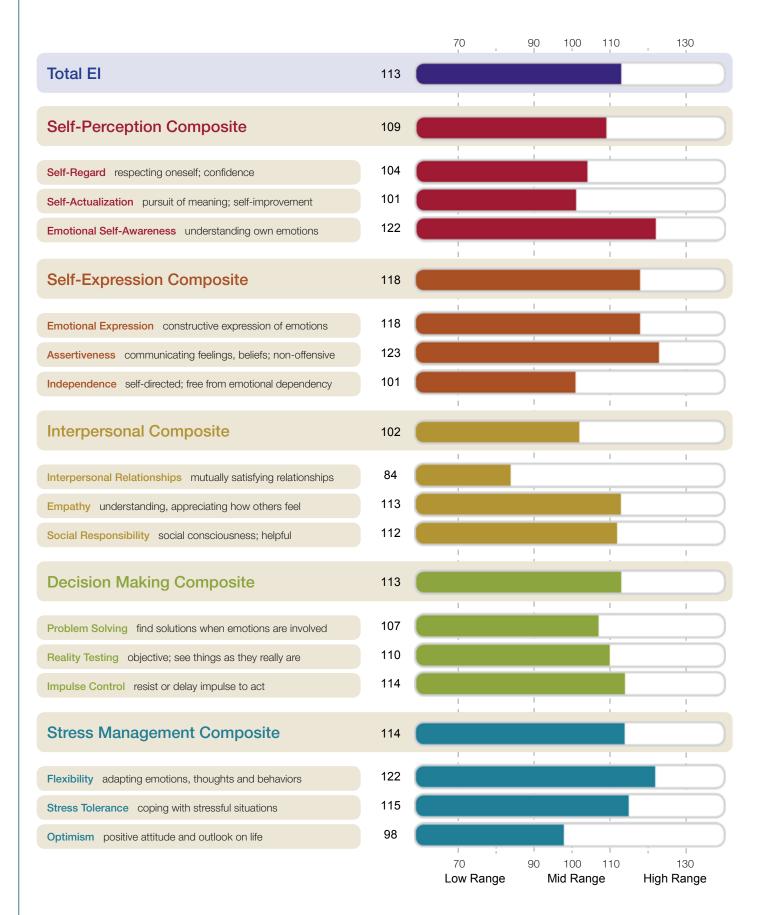


3 = 24% 4 = 18% 5 = 29%





### Overview of Results





# Item Responses

Responses are shown by item on the following two pages. Items are shown by subscale and are exactly as they appeared on the assessment. Please note, although some items use reversed language, the higher the response indicated, the more frequent is the behavior.

Responses to each item were provided using the following rating scale:

1= Never/Rarely; 2=Occasionally; 3=Sometimes; 4=Often; 5=Always/Almost Always.

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| Self-Regard  |        | Independence   |    |
|--|--------|--|----|
| 10 Linking at test my good and test points, I had good |        | 4 This has the real to make the second of the second | 2  |
| about myself.  | 5      | 15   | 4  |
| 19   | 4      | 46   | 1  |
| 31   | 1      | 54   | 3  |
| 64   | 1      | 65   | 2  |
| 89   | 1      | 81   | 1  |
| 128  | 3      | 97   | 2  |
| 130  | 3      | 114  | 1  |
| 132  | 3      |  |    |
|  |        | Interpersonal Relationships                          |    |
| Self-Actualization                                     |        | 9  | 5  |
| 8  | 5      | 22   | 4  |
| 49   | 2      | 38   | 3  |
| 58   | 5      | 41   | 3  |
| 63   | 4      | 66   | 1  |
| 73   | 3      | 74   | 3  |
| 76   | 4      | 102  | 3  |
| 104  | 4      | 129  | 3  |
| 109  | 4      | 129  |    |
|  | 4      | Empethy  |    |
| 118  | 4      | Empathy  | 4  |
| Frankland Call Assessment                              |        | 13   | 4  |
| Emotional Self-Awareness                               | 1      | 24   | 5  |
| 16   | 4      | 30   |    |
| 27   | 5      | 52   | 3  |
| 40   | 3      | 70   | 5  |
| 62   | 5      | 78   | 4  |
| 105  | 5      | 91   | 5  |
| 121  | 5      | 110  | 5  |
| 125  | 5      | 124  | 4  |
| <b>Emotional Expression</b>                            |        | Social Responsibility                                |    |
| 39   | 3      | 11 I act in an environmentally friendly way          | 5  |
| 47   | 5      | 18   | 4  |
| 69   | 2      | 20   | 4  |
| 93   | 5      | 60   |    |
| 100  | 1      | Floritoria,  | 5  |
| 103  | 1      | 61   | 4  |
| 108  | 1      | 115  | 3  |
| 117  | 3      | 110  |    |
|  |        | Problem Solving                                      |    |
| Assertiveness  |        | 17   | 1  |
|  | 2      | 37   | 10 |
|  | 5      | 31   | 3  |
| 7  | 5      |  | 5  |
| 21   |        | 45   | 5  |
| 23   | 5<br>3 | 68   | 1  |
| 53   |        | activing a problem.                                  |    |
| 86   | 5      |  |    |
| 95   | 5      |  |    |



# Item Responses

| 72   |          | 96                                    | 2      |
|--|----------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| sching problems.                                       | 1        | 120                                   | 1      |
| 75   | 1        | 122                                   | 1      |
| 84   |          |                                       |        |
| gree up.   | 1        | Stress Tolerance                      |        |
| 112  |          | Transp calls in difficult situations. | 5      |
| decisions.   | 1        | 26                                    | 1      |
|  |          | 55                                    | 5      |
| Reality Testing  |          | 79                                    | 3      |
| 14 See Stations in Feb really and                      | 4        | 88                                    | 3      |
| 36   | 3        | 99                                    | 5      |
| 43   | 3        | 113                                   | 5      |
| 57   | 4        | 123                                   | 2      |
| 77   | 4        |                                       | 117.00 |
| 85   | 5        | Optimism                              |        |
| 107  |          | 29                                    | 5      |
| 51 (56)  | 5        | 32                                    | 5      |
| 111 I have a good sense of what is going on around me. | 5        | 35                                    | 3      |
|  | J        | 80                                    | 3      |
| Impulse Control  |          | 83                                    | 5      |
| 2  | 2        | 90                                    | 4      |
| 5  | 2        | 98                                    | 4      |
| 34   | 3        | 30                                    | 1      |
| 44   | 1        | 116                                   | 4      |
| 48   | 1        | 110                                   | 1      |
| 50   | 1        | Happiness                             |        |
| 56   | 1        | 12                                    | 4      |
| 67   | 2        | 28                                    | 1      |
| 61   | 2        | 51                                    | 5      |
| Flexibility  |          | 71                                    | 3      |
| 6  | 4        | 92                                    | 5      |
|  | 1        |                                       | 4      |
| 33   | 3        | 101                                   | 3      |
| 42   | 3        | 106                                   | - 24   |
| 82   | 1        | ADD                                   | 4      |
| 87   | 1        | 126                                   | 3      |
|  |          |                                       |        |
| Inconsistency Item Pairs 😌 indicates inconsistent re   | esponses |                                       |        |
| 80.  |          | 110.                                  | 200    |
| 00   | 3        | 124                                   | 5      |

| Inconsistency Item Pairs | indicates inconsistent responses |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 80.                      | 3                                |
| 90.                      | 4                                |
| 29.                      | 5                                |
| 32.                      | 5                                |
| 130.<br>132.             | 3                                |

| 90.                    | 4      | 124.             | 4   |
|------------------------|--------|------------------|-----|
| 29.                    | 5      | <b>⊖</b> 28.     | 5   |
| 32.                    | 5      |                  | 1   |
| 130.                   | 3      | <b>€</b> 88. 99. | 3   |
| 132.                   | 3      |                  | 5   |
| 92.                    | 4      | 70.              | 5   |
| 101.                   | 3      | 78.              | 4   |
| € <sup>71</sup> . 116. | 5<br>1 | 106.             | 4 3 |

| Positive | Impression/Negative Impression |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| 25       |                                |

| 25 |           | 5 | 119 |
|----|-----------|---|-----|
| 59 | e i meet. | 4 | 127 |
| 94 |           | 5 | 131 |

3



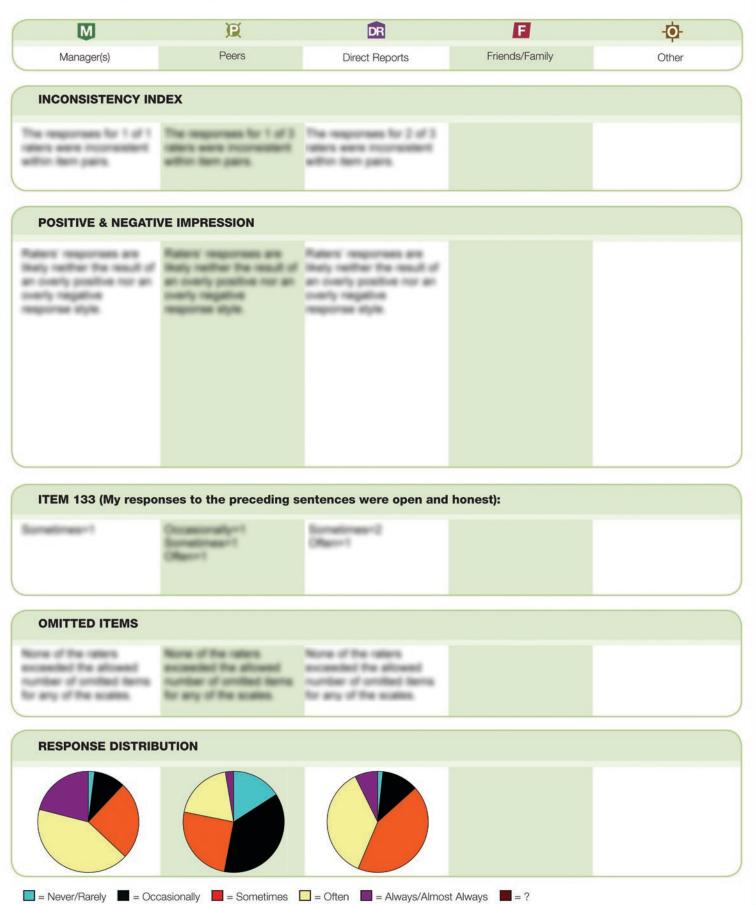
# Rater Details

|   | Manager(s)    | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Friends/<br>Family | Other | All<br>Raters |
|---|---------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|---------------|
| Number of raters per group  | 1             | 3     | 3                 |                    |       | 7             |
| How long have you known the person being a  | ssessed?      |       |                   |                    |       |               |
| Under 1 year  |               | 1     |                   |                    |       | 1             |
| 1 to 5 years  |               | 1     | 1                 |                    |       | 2             |
| 6 to 10 years   |               | 1     |                   |                    |       | 1             |
| Over 10 years   | 1             |       | 2                 |                    |       | 3             |
|   | ing assessed? |       |                   |                    |       |               |
| How often do you interact with the person bei   | ing assessed? | 1     | 1                 |                    |       | 1             |
| How often do you interact with the person being Rarely Occasionally   |               |       | 1                 |                    |       | 1             |
| How often do you interact with the person bei   | ing assessed? | 1 2   | 1 2               |                    |       | -             |
| How often do you interact with the person being Rarely Occasionally Sometimes   | 1             |       |                   |                    |       | 1             |
| How often do you interact with the person being Rarely Occasionally Sometimes Often   | 1             |       |                   |                    |       | 1             |
| How often do you interact with the person being Rarely Occasionally Sometimes Often  How well do you know the person being assess               | 1             | 2     |                   |                    |       | 1 3 2         |
| How often do you interact with the person being Rarely Occasionally Sometimes Often  How well do you know the person being assess Not very well | 1             | 2     | 2                 |                    |       | 1 3 2         |





# Rater Response Style Explained

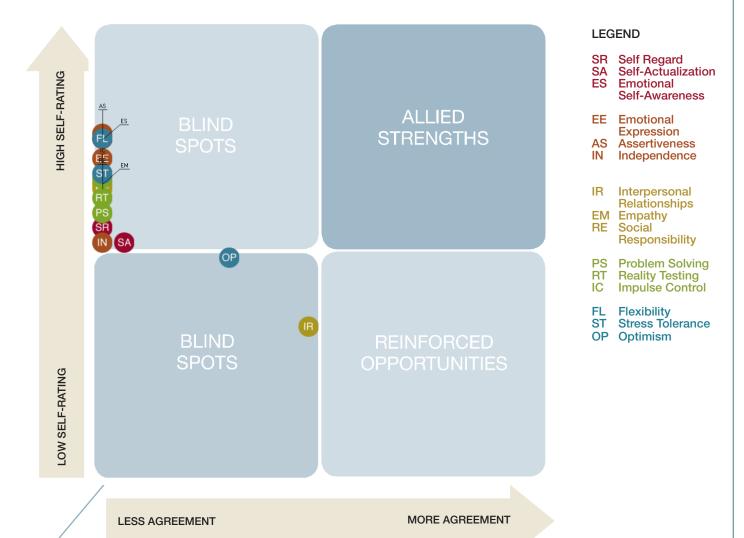




# Profile Gap Analysis

The figure on this page provides you with a general overview of the level of agreement between your client's selfreport and how others see him or her.

- The vertical axis shows your client's self-rating. Higher scoring subscales will appear towards the top of the graph and lower scoring subscales at the bottom.
- The horizontal axis shows you how much agreement there is between your client's self score and the scores received from the rater groups, across the various subscales. Subscales appearing to the far right indicate consensus—raters agree with your client's own assessment of each behavior.
- Subscales that overlap with one another indicate a consistent experience of those particular El behaviors.

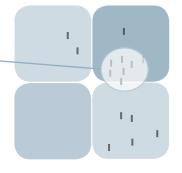


### WHAT TO **LOOK** FOR:

Subscales falling in the left quadrants have awareness gaps, meaning your client sees him- or herself differently from the way others do. Your client may be unaware of, or "blind" to his/her own El strengths and weaknesses.

### WHAT TO **LOOK** FOR:

Concentration in the two right quadrants indicates a healthy level of selfawareness.







# Rater Response Summary

Now that you understand your client's self-rating on the EQ-i 2.0, you can begin to discover the richness of the data collected from his/her colleagues. The two graphs below show a broad overview of the results at the Total El level and at a Composite Scale level.

### Total FI:

Total El provides a general indication of how emotional and social skills influence the way one perceives and expresses oneself, maintains social relationships, copes with challenges, and uses emotional information in a meaningful way.

|          | 70 | 90   | 100 | 110      | 130 | Self | Manager | Peer | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Other |
|----------|----|------|-----|----------|-----|------|---------|------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|
| Total El | )ī | DRM_ |     | <b>S</b> |     | 113  | 90*     | 81*  | 86*               |                    |       |

### Composite Areas:

The five composite areas represent broad skill areas that are important in dealing with workplace demands. Once your client understands his or her results in these broader areas, use the graph on the next page to dig deeper into your client's specific subscale results.

|                   |                   | Self | Manager | Peer | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Other  |
|-------------------|-------------------|------|---------|------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
|                   | 70 90 100 110 130 | S    | M       | E    | DR                | F                  | <b>-\overline{\o</b> |
| Self-Perception   | DRM S             | 109  | 94*     | 75*  | 91*               |                    |  |
| Self-Expression   | NDR P             | 118  | 77*     | 87*  | 80*               |                    |  |
| Interpersonal     | DRMS              | 102  | 98      | 80*  | 94                |                    |  |
| DecisionMaking    | DR' S             | 113  | 84*     | 85*  | 83*               |                    |  |
| Stress Management | DR M S            | 114  | 98*     | 87*  | 88*               |                    |  |

indicates that there is a significant difference between this rater group's score and your SELF score

**Self-Perception.** Subscales in this composite address the 'inner-self' and assess one's feelings of inner strength, confidence, pursuit of meaningful goals as well as one's understanding of what, when, why, and how different emotions impact your thoughts and actions.

**Self-Expression.** Subscales in this composite are an extension of Self-Perception as they assess the outward expression or the action part of one's internal perception. Such skills as openly expressing thoughts and feelings in a constructive way and remaining self-directed are included in this composite.

**Interpersonal.** The Interpersonal composite includes subscales which measure one's ability to develop and maintain relationships based on trust and compassion, articulate an

understanding of another's perspective, and act responsibly, showing concern for others, one's team or one's greater community/organization.

**Decision Making.** Subscales in this composite address the way in which one uses emotional information by understanding the impact emotions have on decision-making, including the ability to resist or delay impulses and remain objective so to avoid rash behaviors and ineffective problem solving.

Stress Management. This composite contains subscales which address how well one can cope with the emotions associated with change and unpredictable circumstances, while remaining hopeful about the future and resilient in the face of setbacks and obstacles.





# Rater Response Summary

|          | El Subscales                   |   | 20    | 80       | 06       | 100   | 110      | 120      | 130 | Self     | Manager | Pee 💢   | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Office of the second of the se |
|----------|--------------------------------|---|-------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-----|----------|---------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|--|
|          | Number of raters               |   |       |          |          |       |          |          |     | <b>—</b> | ~       | က       | က                 |                    |  |
|          | Self-Regard                    |   | ğ     | M M      |          | Ø     |          |          |     | 104      | *08     | .22     | *48               |                    |  |
| -Percep  | Self-<br>Actualization         |   | Œ     |          | 岩        | Z     |          |          |     | 101      | 100     | 74*     | 63                |                    |  |
|          | Emotional<br>Self-Awareness    |   |       | <u>M</u> |          | E     | ≥        | 9        |     | 122      | 106*    | *98     | *66               |                    |  |
|          | Emotional<br>Expression        |   |       | K        | ≥        | ğ     |          | <b>Ø</b> |     | 118      | *68     | *26     | *18               |                    |  |
| -Expres  | Assertiveness                  |   |       | ğ        |          | MDR   |          | Ø        |     | 123      | 95*     | *22     | *86               |                    |  |
|          | Independence                   | Σ | K     |          | X        | 0     |          |          |     | 101      | *49     | 92      | 75*               |                    |  |
|          | Interpersonal<br>Relationships |   | , - ( |          | S M DR   |       |          |          |     | 84       | 88      | 78      | 92                |                    |  |
| skbekeoi | Empathy                        |   |       | Ø        | Ï        | R     | Ø        |          |     | 113      | *26     | 82*     | *96               |                    |  |
|          | Social<br>Responsibiilty       |   |       | ğ        |          | E     | M        |          |     | 112      | 113     | 85*     | *26               |                    |  |
| <u> </u> | Problem Solving                |   | R     |          |          |       | <b>Ø</b> |          |     | 107      | 75*     | 93*     | 75*               |                    |  |
| sM nois  | Reality Testing                |   |       | Œ        |          | E     | Σ        |          |     | 110      | 11      | *62     | 102               |                    |  |
|          | Impulse Control                |   | Σ     | M<br>R   | Œ        |       | Ø        |          |     | 4<br>4   | 74*     | *<br>88 | *62               |                    |  |
|          | Flexibility                    |   |       | E        |          | Œ     |          | Ø        |     | 122      | *85     | *101    | 83*               |                    |  |
| Manage   | Stress Tolerance               |   |       | ğ        | Ī        | E     |          | Ø        |     | 115      | 109     | **      | *96               |                    |  |
|          | Optimism                       |   |       | ğ        | <b>E</b> | W (S) |          |          |     | 86       | 102     | *08     | *88<br>88         |                    |  |
|          |                                |   |       |          |          |       |          |          |     |          |         |         |                   |                    |  |

\* indicates that there is a significant difference between this rater group's score and your SELF score



# Self-Regard

Self-Regard respecting oneself; confidence



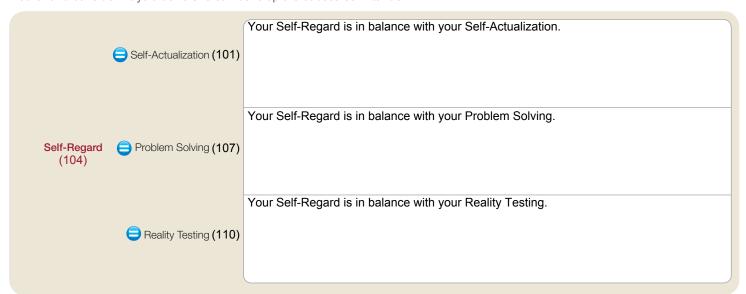
| This person  | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|--|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| feels good about himself/herself when thinking about both his/her good and bad points. | 5    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| feels sure of himself/herself.   | 4    | 5       | 2.33  | 4.33              |                    |        |
| does not feel good about himself/herself.  | 1    | 5       | 2.67  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| lacks self-confidence.   | 1    | 5       | 2.33  | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to accept himself/herself just the way he/she is.                        | 1    | 4       | 3.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| thinks highly of himself/herself.  | 3    | 3       | 2.67  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| respects himself/herself.  | 3    | 3       | 2.67  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is happy with who he/she is.   | 3    | 5       | 2.33  | 2.67              |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Self-Regard with its related subscales: Self-Actualization, Problem Solving, and Reality Testing.

- Where a greater than () or less than () sign is shown, the subscale scores are significantly different and further investigation into these imbalances is recommended.
- When an equals sign (a) is shown the subscale scores are not significantly different from one another and therefore are well balanced. In order to maintain this balance, you may want to guide the respondent to watch for significant growth in one subscale over the other and consider ways that he/she can develop the subscales in tandem.







### Self-Actualization

Self-Actualization pursuit of meaning; self-improvement



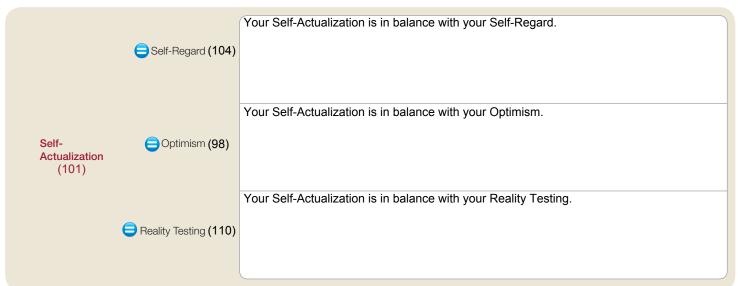
| This person   | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| accomplishes his/her goals.                             | 5    | 4       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| feels he/she has something to contribute.               | 2    | 3       | 3     | 4                 |                    |        |
| seeks out enriching experiences.                        | 5    | 5       | 3.67  | 3                 |                    |        |
| is self-motivated.                                      | 4    | 4       | 2.67  | 2.67              |                    |        |
| makes good use of his/her abilities.                    | 3    | 5       | 3     | 3                 |                    |        |
| strives to be the best he/she can be.                   | 4    | 2       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is driven to achieve.                                   | 4    | 4       | 1.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| tries to make his/her life as meaningful as he/she can. | 4    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| looks for ways to improve himself/herself.              | 4    | 3       | 2     | 4.33              |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Self-Actualization with its related subscales: Self-Regard, Optimism, and Reality Testing.

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- When an equals sign ( ) is shown the subscale scores are not significantly different from one another and therefore are well balanced. In order to maintain this balance, you may want to guide the respondent to watch for significant growth in one subscale over the other and consider ways that he/she can develop the subscales in tandem.







### **Emotional Self-Awareness**

Emotional Self-Awareness understanding own emotions



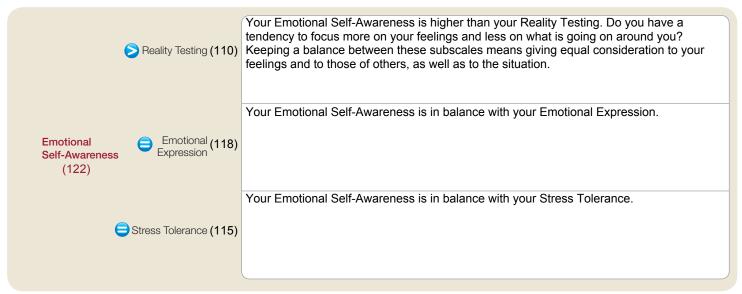
| This person  | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|--|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| pays attention to how he/she is feeling.               | 4        | 3           | 1.67        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is aware of the impact of his/her mood on others.      | 5        | 4           | 2           | 4.33              |                    |        |
| knows what triggers his/her emotions.                  | 3        | 4           | 2.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| is aware of how he/she feels.                          | 5        | 5           | 4.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| recognizes when he/she is upset.                       | 5        | 4           | 2           | 2.33              |                    |        |
| understands how the emotions of others affect him/her. | 5        | 1           | 3.67        | 2.67              |                    |        |
| knows which emotions affect his/her performance.       | 5        | 4           | 2.33        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Som         | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | vays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Emotional Self-Awareness with its related subscales: Reality Testing, Emotional Expression, and Stress

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# **Emotional Expression**

**Emotional Expression** constructive expression of emotions



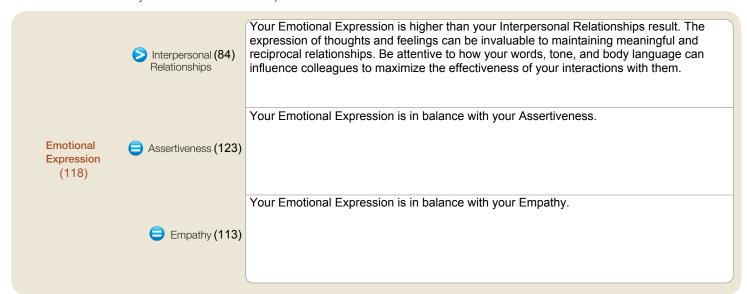
| This person  | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|--|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| finds it hard to share his/her feelings with others.           | 3    | 3       | 2     | 3.67              |                    |        |
| finds it easy to express his/her feelings.                     | 5    | 4       | 2.67  | 4                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to express his/her intimate feelings.            | 2    | 2       | 2.67  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| when sad, talks to people about it.                            | 5    | 4       | 3.33  | 2.33              |                    |        |
| finds it difficult to show people how he/she feels about them. | 1    | 3       | 2.33  | 2.67              |                    |        |
| finds it difficult to show affection.                          | 1    | 2       | 2.67  | 4                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to describe his/her feelings.                    | 1    | 5       | 2     | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to smile.  | 3    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Emotional Expression with its related subscales: Interpersonal Relationships, Assertiveness, and

- Where a greater than (🔊) or less than (🤇) sign is shown, the subscale scores are significantly different and further investigation into these imbalances is recommended.
- When an equals sign (a) is shown the subscale scores are not significantly different from one another and therefore are well balanced. In order to maintain this balance, you may want to guide the respondent to watch for significant growth in one subscale over the other and consider ways that he/she can develop the subscales in tandem.





### Assertiveness

Assertiveness communicating feelings, beliefs; non-offensive



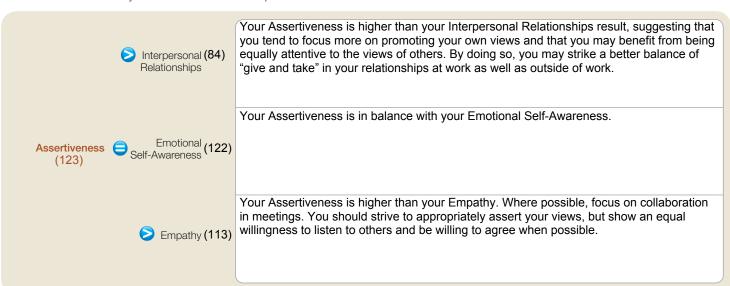
| Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends  | Others              |
|-------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 3.67  | 4                 |                     |                     |
| 2.33  | 4                 |                     |                     |
| 3     | 4.33              |                     |                     |
| 2.67  | 4.33              |                     |                     |
| 3.33  | 3.67              |                     |                     |
| 2.33  | 3.67              |                     |                     |
| 2.33  | 3                 |                     |                     |
|       |                   |                     |                     |
| ,     | lways/Almost /    | lways/Almost Always | lways/Almost Always |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Assertiveness with its related subscales: Interpersonal Relationships, Emotional Self-Awareness, and Empathy.

- Where a greater than (🔊) or less than (🤇) sign is shown, the subscale scores are significantly different and further investigation into these imbalances is recommended.
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# Independence

**Independence** self-directed; free from emotional dependency



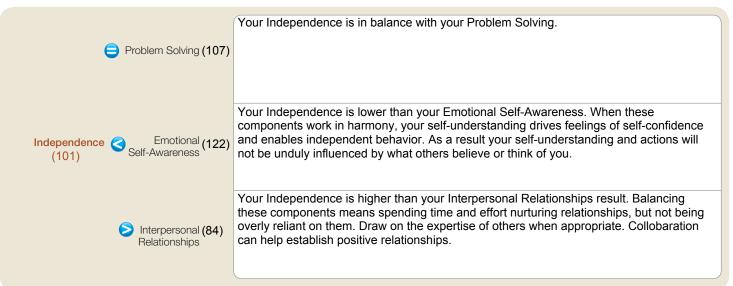
| This person                                       | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| finds it hard to make decisions on his/her own.   | 2    | 4       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| clings to others.                                 | 4    | 5       | 2.67  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is easily influenced by others.                   | 1    | 3       | 2.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| prefers a job in which he/she is told what to do. | 3    | 4       | 1.67  | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to do things on his/her own.        | 2    | 4       | 2.67  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| needs reassurance from others.                    | 1    | 4       | 3.33  | 3                 |                    |        |
| needs other people more than they need him/her.   | 2    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is more of a follower than a leader.              | 1    | 3       | 2.67  | 3                 |                    |        |

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# Interpersonal Relationships

Interpersonal Relationships mutually satisfying relationships

Independence (101)

100 130 110



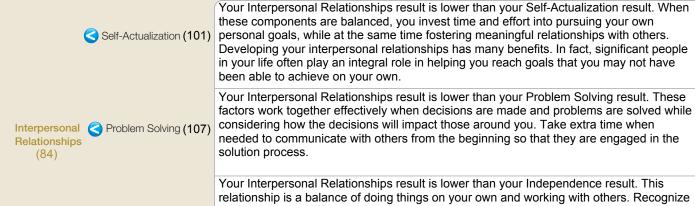
| This person                         | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|-------------------------------------|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| makes friends easily.               | 5    | 2       | 3     | 4                 |                    |        |
| enjoys talking with people.         | 4    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is easy to approach.                | 3    | 2       | 2.67  | 3                 |                    |        |
| is easy to confide in.              | 3    | 4       | 3     | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is fun to be with.                  | 1    | 3       | 2.33  | 2.33              |                    |        |
| is a team player.                   | 3    | 4       | 2.67  | 2.67              |                    |        |
| is sociable.                        | 3    | 3       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| has good relationships with others. | 3    | 4       | 3     | 4.67              |                    |        |

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This section compares Interpersonal Relationships with its related subscales: Self-Actualization, Problem Solving, and Inde-

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that there are situations where collaboration can be advantageous, but avoid disturbing others with tasks that are easily completed without assistance.



# **Empathy**

Empathy understanding, appreciating how others feel



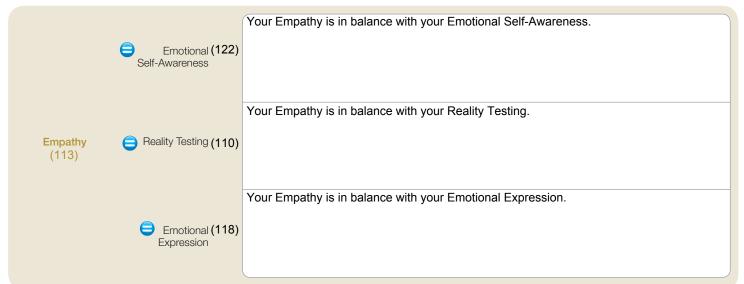
| This person   | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| is aware of how others feel.                        | 4    | 2       | 2.67  | 4                 |                    |        |
| is empathic.  | 4    | 2       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is good at understanding the way other people feel. | 5    | 4       | 1.67  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| avoids hurting the feelings of others.              | 3    | 3       | 2.33  | 3                 |                    |        |
| is in touch with other people's emotions.           | 5    | 3       | 2.33  | 2                 |                    |        |
| relates to the emotions of others.                  | 4    | 4       | 3     | 2.67              |                    |        |
| respects the way others feel.                       | 5    | 4       | 2.67  | 3                 |                    |        |
| is sensitive to the feelings of others.             | 5    | 4       | 2.67  | 4.33              |                    |        |
| cares about other people's feelings.                | 4    | 4       | 2     | 3                 |                    |        |

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This section compares Empathy with its related subscales: Emotional Self-Awareness, Reality Testing, and Emotional Expression.

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# Social Responsibility

Social Responsibility social consciousness; helpful



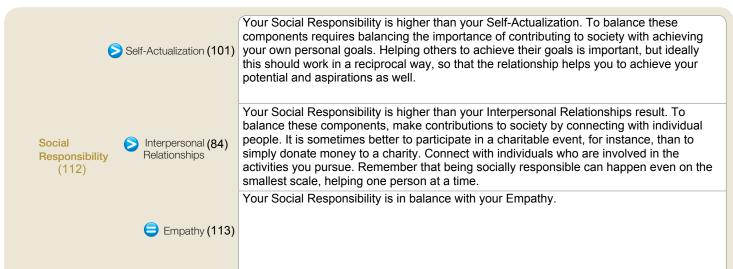
| This person   | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| acts in an environmentally friendly way.                        | 5        | 5           | 2.67        | 4                 |                    |        |
| tries to make a difference in society.                          | 4        | 4           | 3           | 3.67              |                    |        |
| likes helping others.   | 4        | 4           | 2           | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is a contributing member of the groups to which he/she belongs. | 5        | 5           | 3           | 3                 |                    |        |
| contributes to his/her community.                               | 4        | 4           | 3.33        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| cares about social issues.                                      | 3        | 4           | 2.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Some                 | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alv | /ays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Social Responsibility with its related subscales: Self-Actualization, Interpersonal Relationships, and

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# **Problem Solving**

Problem Solving find solutions when emotions are involved



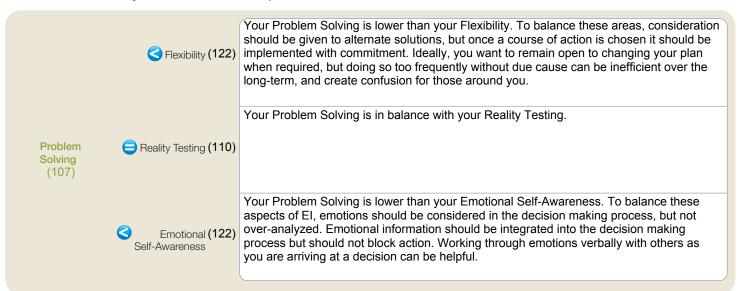
| This person   | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| can't decide what to do when he/she is really upset.                    | 1        | 2           | 2.67        | 4                 |                    |        |
| tends to worry about a problem rather than try to solve it.             | 3        | 5           | 3           | 3.33              |                    |        |
| avoids dealing with problems.   | 5        | 4           | 2.33        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| finds it hard to decide on the best solution when solving a problem.    | 1        | 2           | 2.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| gets stuck when thinking about different ways of solving problems.      | 1        | 4           | 1.67        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| gets overwhelmed when he/she needs to make a decision.                  | 1        | 3           | 2.33        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| gets frustrated and gives up when he/she has trouble solving a problem. | 1        | 3           | 3           | 3                 |                    |        |
| lets his/her emotions get in the way when making decisions.             | 1        | 4           | 2           | 3                 |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Som                          | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | vays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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This section compares Problem Solving with its related subscales: Flexibility, Reality Testing, and Emotional Self-Awareness.

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# Reality Testing

Reality Testing objective; see things as they really are



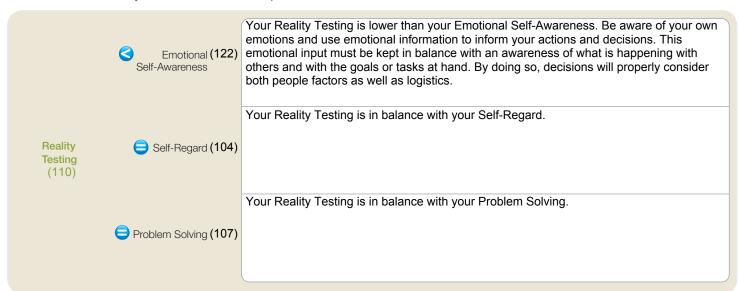
| This person   | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| sees situations as they really are.                               | 4    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| makes realistic plans to achieve his/her goals.                   | 3    | 4       | 2.33  | 2.67              |                    |        |
| recognizes his/her own biases.                                    | 3    | 4       | 2     | 3.67              |                    |        |
| has a good sense of his/her strengths and weak-<br>nesses.        | 4    | 4       | 3     | 4                 |                    |        |
| knows when he/she needs to be more objective.                     | 4    | 3       | 3     | 3                 |                    |        |
| knows when his/her emotions affect his/her objectivity.           | 5    | 4       | 2.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| even when upset, is aware of what's happening to himself/herself. | 5    | 4       | 2.33  | 4.33              |                    |        |
| has a good sense of what is going on around him/her.              | 5    | 5       | 1.67  | 4                 |                    |        |

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This section compares Reality Testing with its related subscales: Emotional Self-Awareness, Self-Regard, and Problem Solving.

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# Impulse Control

Impulse Control resist or delay impulse to act



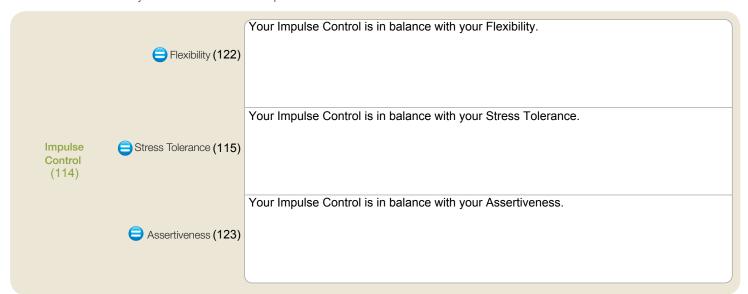
| This person                                       | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| makes rash decisions when he/she is emotional.    | 2        | 4           | 2.67        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| interrupts when others are speaking.              | 2        | 5           | 2.33        | 4                 |                    |        |
| is impulsive, which creates problems for him/her. | 3        | 2           | 2           | 2.67              |                    |        |
| is impulsive.                                     | 1        | 4           | 3           | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to stop once he/she starts talking. | 1        | 3           | 2.67        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| tends to react hastily.                           | 1        | 3           | 2.67        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| finds it difficult to control his/her impulses.   | 1        | 4           | 4           | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to resist temptation.               | 2        | 3           | 2.67        | 2.67              |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Som    | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | /ays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Impulse Control with its related subscales: Flexibility, Stress Tolerance, and Assertiveness.

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# Flexibility

Flexibility adapting emotions, thoughts and behaviors



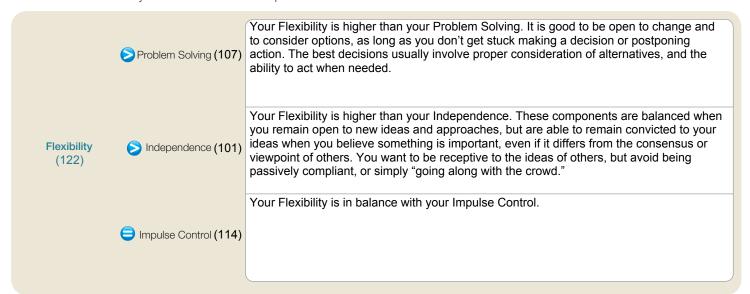
| This person  | Self      | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|--|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| finds it difficult to change his/her opinion.        | 1         | 4           | 3           | 3.33              |                    |        |
| does not like being in unfamiliar situations.        | 3         | 4           | 2.33        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| finds it hard to change his/her ways.                | 3         | 5           | 2.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to compromise.                         | 1         | 3           | 2.33        | 2                 |                    |        |
| is uneasy with last minute changes.                  | 1         | 4           | 2.67        | 4                 |                    |        |
| finds it hard to make changes in his/her daily life. | 2         | 3           | 1.33        | 4                 |                    |        |
| needs things to be predictable.                      | 1         | 3           | 2.67        | 3                 |                    |        |
| is uneasy with change.                               | 1         | 1           | 2.67        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Som       | netimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | /ays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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This section compares Flexibility with its related subscales: Problem Solving, Independence, and Impulse Control.

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### Stress Tolerance

Stress Tolerance coping with stressful situations



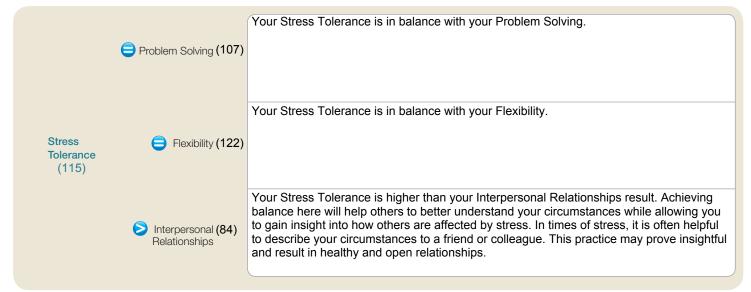
| This person                                      | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|--|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| keeps calm in difficult situations.              | 5        | 5           | 1.67        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| can't think clearly when he/she is under stress. | 1        | 5           | 3           | 3.67              |                    |        |
| thrives in challenging situations.               | 5        | 5           | 2.67        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| handles stress without getting too nervous.      | 3        | 4           | 1.67        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| performs well under pressure.                    | 3        | 5           | 3.33        | 4                 |                    |        |
| copes well with stressful situations.            | 5        | 3           | 2.33        | 3.67              |                    |        |
| handles upsetting problems well.                 | 5        | 5           | 3           | 2.67              |                    |        |
| does not react well to stressful situations.     | 2        | 1           | 2.33        | 2.33              |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Som   | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | /ays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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### Balancing El

This section compares Stress Tolerance with its related subscales: Problem Solving, Flexibility, and Interpersonal Relationships.

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# **Optimism**

Optimism positive attitude and outlook on life



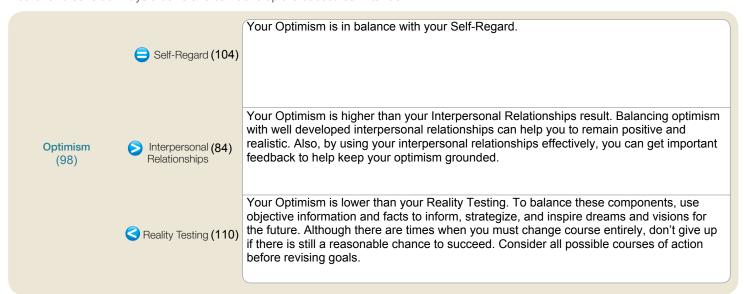
| This person   | Self     | Manager     | Peers       | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| stays positive even when things get difficult.                            | 5        | 5           | 3           | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is optimistic.  | 5        | 4           | 2.33        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| expects the worst.  | 3        | 3           | 3           | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is hopeful about the future.  | 3        | 3           | 2.67        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| sees the best in people.  | 5        | 3           | 2.33        | 3.33              |                    |        |
| has good thoughts about the future.                                       | 4        | 4           | 3.33        | 3                 |                    |        |
| expects things to turn out all right, despite setbacks from time to time. | 4        | 4           | 2.67        | 2.67              |                    |        |
| has a positive outlook.   | 1        | 5           | 2           | 3                 |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Some                           | etimes 4 | Often 5 Alw | /ays/Almost | Always            |                    |        |

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This section compares Optimism with its related subscales: Self-Regard, Interpersonal Relationships, and Reality Testing.

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# Well-Being Indicator

Happiness satisfied with life; content

70 130 100 110



| This person   | Self | Manager | Peers | Direct<br>Reports | Family/<br>Friends | Others |
|---|------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|
| finds it hard to enjoy life.  | 1    | 3       | 2.67  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is not happy with his/her life.   |      | 4       | 2.33  | 3.67              |                    |        |
| is enthusiastic.  | 3    | 3       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is happy.   | 5    | 4       | 2.67  | 3                 |                    |        |
| is satisfied with his/her life.   | 4    | 4       | 3.33  | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is excited about life.  | 3    | 2       | 2.67  | 2.67              |                    |        |
| looks forward to each day.  | 4    | 5       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| is content.   | 3    | 5       | 2     | 3.33              |                    |        |
| Responses: 1 Never/Rarely 2 Occasionally 3 Sometimes 4 Often 5 Always/Almost Always |      |         |       |                   |                    |        |

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# Well-Being Indicator

Happiness satisfied with life; content

In the EQ-i 2.0 model, Happiness is different than the other El abilities in that it both contributes to, and is a product of, El. As such, your client's result in Happiness can be used as a barometer of emotional health and well-being.

Although the causes and factors related to an individual's happiness extend beyond the scope of this assessment, it is important to examine your client's Happiness result in relation to the other El subscales. For example, would strengthening

70 100 130 110

Low Range Mid Range High Range

lower subscales lead to improved Happiness? Or will increased Happiness stem from working within the client's strengths and talents? In either case, the best way forward is as unique to each person as his or her own definition of Happiness.

The four subscales most often associated with Happiness are:

- Self-Regard
- Optimism
- Self-Actualization
- Interpersonal Relationships

### **Happiness**

The result in Happiness suggests that your client feels satisfied with life, and generally enjoys the company of others and work responsibilities. Your client may:

- have fun at both work and play.
- be seen by coworkers as likeable and pleasant to be around.
- have to occasionally manage discontentment with certain aspects of life.

Of the subscales most typically tied to Happiness, your client scored lower in Interpersonal Relationships. Directing development efforts here could strengthen Happiness even further.

### Self-Regard (104)

Happiness is a by-product of believing in oneself and living according to your own values. Although your client has good self-regard, there are times when self doubt may create feelings of unhappiness. Strengthening self-regard may help to enhance life satisfaction and well-being. You might ask:

- Reflect on past accomplishments by identifying skills that enabled you to be successful.
- If you could improve one facet of your life, what would it be? Why?

### Optimism (98)

In the face of setback and disappointment, the ability to recover and claim a happy state is contingent on one's level of optimism. The results suggest that your client is optimistic and hopeful most of the time, but perhaps could use this outlook more frequently so that Happiness becomes even more personal, permanent and justifiable. You might ask:

- When are you the least optimistic? How could your outlook in these situations be improved?
- When faced with a new challenge, how do you typically feel? List your emotions and identify why you feel this way.

### **Interpersonal Relationships** (84)

Well-developed relationships serve as a buffer from the negative effects of life's daily demands. The lower result in Interpersonal Relationships suggests that your client may not have a strong, supportive network that can help restore happiness when needed the most. You might ask:

- Who are your closest friends and family members? How likely are you to confide in them? Why or why
- How often do you interact with others to complete a 'transaction', instead of having a meaningful interaction?

### **Self-Actualization** (101)

Happiness comes from a willingness to learn and grow on a journey aligned with personal values. The result suggests your client has a good level of self-actualization. but further development in this area will help to promote feelings of achievement and overall happiness. You might

- Identify what you value most in life. Are you spending enough time on the activities most important to you?
- What legacy will you leave behind?





# Follow-up Questions

The following questions are suggested to probe further into your client's results. Questions are listed by subscale.

| Self-Regard   |  |
|---|--|
| The British on the sea place strengths? Provide an exempte where place and place strengths to place advertages.   |  |
| 2. Which of your above require development? Provide at everyte where you have held to such anountrion persons   |  |
| for air area of equipment.  |  |
| 3. Describe a shador effect you had to overcome feelings of mescurity or line confidence in your abilities.   |  |
| 4. Tell me about a time when it was clear you had made a mediate or and. How did you had and what action  |  |
| did you take to racify the abustion? Why do you there you fell this way?  |  |
|   |  |
| How can you conforms sealineous on the way to achieving your goals?   |  |
| 6. Here we are selected to the representation with another, being and articles."  |  |
| Self-Actualization  |  |
| 1.  |  |
| 2. Can you describe 1 or 2 of your short term great? Long term great? How see your short term great.  |  |
| connected to your long term grant?  |  |
| 3. Tell the about your process for setting great? How would you describe the great you set for yourself?  |  |
| 4.  |  |
| 5. How its your make time to its things you had enough their and some of the benefits both you and  |  |
| your career receive from these activities?  |  |
| For the stock Assessment  |  |
| Emotional Self-Awareness  |  |
| <ul> <li>How do your emotions affect other people? Can you provide an example where your teamwork<br/>or a relationship; was affected by the way you were feating?</li> </ul> |  |
| 2.  |  |
| emotions physically, behaviorally, cognitively?   |  |
| 3. Describe a time when you were making a decision and your emotions got the best of you?   |  |
| What emotion were you experiencing and what was your reaction?  |  |
| 4. What encitors help your pit performance? Which encitors finder your performance?   |  |
| 5. Are there employe that you are more combinable with then others? Why do you think that si?   |  |
| Franking Lynnasian  |  |
| Emotional Expression  |  |
| <ol> <li>Ass Trees some emotions you feet more comfortable expressing than others? Why do you their that is? How do express what you are feeting? Give examples?</li> </ol>   |  |
| 2.  |  |
| Effort were the consequences goodles and regative of not expressing your feelings? How would the situation  |  |
| have been different had you been more expressive?   |  |
| 3. It general, its your first yourself building up employed "How these this effect your stally to get your each stone"  |  |
| 4.  |  |
| 5.  |  |
|   |  |
| Assertiveness   |  |
| <ol> <li>Describe a scenario in which you behaved assertively. What specifically did you do or say that was assertive?</li> </ol>   |  |
| <ol><li>What do you first challenging about being asserber? What is it about the context or situation that makes you</li></ol>  |  |
| 3.  |  |
| 4.  |  |
|   |  |
| 5. "Mill the about a time where you disagreed with someone, "What did you during and what was the outcome?"   |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |
|   |  |



# Follow-up Questions

| Independence   |
|--|
| Describe your typical style for making decisions.  |
| 2. Car you give an example of when you relied on others to make a decrease for you? What was the outcome?  |
|  |
| 4.   |
| 5. Car you describe a shadow when you went against the grant and these it describes that was not the propose of the effective of   |
| What was the outcome?  |
| International Deletionships  |
| Interpersonal Relationships 1.   |
| interpersonal conflict with a team member. How did your emotions differ between expenences?  |
| 2. What efforts its you put it to maintaining healthy and effective realizatings at work?  |
| How do you know when a working relationship is effective?  |
| 3. Describe what types of social abustions make you had proportionable? What is your type at response in these shorters?   |
| 4.   |
| 5. Has there ever been a time when your relationships have made it difficult to make a decream or get your work done?  |
|  |
| Empathy 1.   |
| How did you convey this understanding? How did you ensure you understood them?   |
| 2. Describe a situation where you were not as sensitive to someone's feelings as you should have been  |
| Mily do you think this was the case? What would you have done differently?   |
| 3. It your opinion, what is the ofference between sympathy and empathy? How do you ensure you display these offerently?  |
| 4.   |
|  |
|  |
| Social Responsibility  |
| 1.   |
| 2.   |
| 3. How do you define "being a team player" in your pit? What we some exemptes of effect your success.  |
| can be altributed to your learn and not to you alone?  |
| 4. What some many set of performs consent to you? How to you contribute to free causes?  |
| <ol><li>Provide an example of where you had to take responsibility for your actions. How did this make you fee?"</li></ol>   |
| Problem Solving  |
| 1874st was one of the most challenging problems you have ever had to solve?  |
| Describe the problem solving process you used to enne at this solution.  |
| 2.   |
| What would have all one strongers of the process? What would have any you could be better?  3. Describe a first where your strongers have saidly to make a decrease. Why did you get said tracted? |
|  |
| 5. Tell me about a time when you made a resh decision. What caused this to happen and how did it affect others?  |
| Reality Testing  |
| 1.   |
| 2. Describe a first effect you incorrectly sized up your environment. What information shift you requisige and what was the impact?  |
| 3. How would others describe the goals you self lithed internation do you take into account when you set these goals?  |
| 4. Yet me about a time efter you about here been more place the latter than many or a "gut beeng".   |
| How do you confirm that your "gut feeling" is accurated.   |
| 5. Tell me about a time when you should have beened to your methods rather than being so objective. How do you confirm that  |



# Follow-up Questions

### Impulse Control 1. How do you fight ally deal with an impulse to act? 2. 3. 4. Describe a situation where it was beneficial for you to act quickly. How did this make you feet? 5. Flexibility Would others say that you are feedble and open to change, or signt and set in your ways? What benefits and drawbacks does your funcal duty timing to your ecripton? 2. depart with their SE ways of doing Yango? 3. One an example of where you found it difficult to adjust to a change in your pill. What emotions were you feeling? 4. Do you prefer your work to be predictable and about, or do you aring conditions that require you to change what you do? 5. What was your process for changing your behavior faste? Stress Tolerance You it you takk theats county counterous if work? What is an example of whee you had to manage stress in order to get your pill-done? 2. in order to reduce the stress you experience? 3. How then stress married that it the way you had but, employed, physically or will Can you defect the very small of stress it your body? 4. What strangers to you use to cope with street? You much do these strangers rely on Auggood North offsens? 5. The state of th What skills in factoriques did you use? How were others impacted in this shuston? Would you describe yourself as heaving positive or registive expectations about how things will burn out? How does this impact the way you sell goals and disjectives? 3. Describe a shadon where you were need, positive in need, register in your expectations about how things would have not What impact did your outlook have on your performance and that of others? 5.



## Action Plan

The steps your client takes towards achieving his/her El goals will determine whether or not success is realized. Use this step-by-step activity plan to help guide your client towards accomplishing personal objectives. Remember to use the SMART© goal setting criteria for each goal.

Write down three El skills or behaviors that require further development (i.e. empathy-reflective listening, emotional self awareness-recognizing how your body reacts to stress). The SMART goals should then help to strengthen these El skills and behaviors

- 1. 2.
- 3.

Write down three overall qualities that your client would like to have (i.e., integrity, providing clear leadership, team player, clear communicator). In some way the SMART goals he/she outlines in this action plan should help achieve these qualities identified."

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Transfer your SMART goals into the action plan template below.

| SPECIFIC        |
|-----------------|
| MEASURABLE      |
| ACTION-ORIENTED |
| REALISTIC       |
| TIMELY          |

| SMART<br>Goal       | Time Frame                                    | Benefits  | Measure of Success   | Support and<br>Resources Needed                | Potential Barriers   |
|---------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Listen to<br>others | In team<br>meetings<br>Starting from<br>today | Other people will<br>listen to me<br>I will get to hear<br>everyone's views | Feedback from the team to say that I am listening to them more Take actions that other people have suggested | From the team to<br>give me honest<br>feedback | Time – often do not have time to listen to views but just need to give instructions. If this is the case need to tell people at the beginning of the meeting |
|                     |   |   |  |  |  |
|                     |   |   |  |  |  |
|                     |   |   |  |  |  |

| I commit to this action plan. |             |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
|                               | (signature) |





# El Development Commitment

A Development Commitment is a tool to help hold your client accountable for accomplishing the goals outlined in his/her action plan. As we all too often know, our plans for personal growth and development often fall by the wayside when we get back to the office and company

demands win the competition for time and attention. By outlining your client's objectives here, and ensuring that your client does the same you are holding your client more accountable to reach their professional objectives.

| ly client's action plan includes the following goals: | Due Date |
|---|----------|
|   |          |
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# Coach's Guide to an EQ 360 Debrief Session

| Phase   | Points to Keep in Mind | Questions to Ask  |
|---|------------------------|---|
| The first step is to creatic a sense of essee and establish common goals between clerk.   |                        |   |
| 2.  |                        | Company to your self-results from your first account to your first account to your first account to your first account to your first account from your first account from your self-results, from your first account from your first your self-results, from your first your self-results. |
| Once your client is combotistics with the model and his or her com self-ratings, took for any relevant political in the relevant political in the relevant seasons. |                        |   |
|   |                        |   |



# Coach's Guide to an EQ 360 Debrief Session

| Phase | Points to Keep in Mind   | Questions to Ask   |
|-------|--|--|
| 3.    | Have your client focus on how they demonstrate the skills related to the subscale (i.e., what is actually clear-able to the different rater groups)  Use the tools available  Comments Subscale pages Ballending your D Profile Cap Analysis   |  |
| 4.    | Convence the importance of<br>your conventation to your<br>dignitis work.  Highlight the D skills recom-<br>sary not only for the job they<br>do, but also for the relation-<br>ships they have with their<br>rater groups.  | It sounds like it is important for you to on the jab. In that careed?     It sounds like it is important for you to see the self-with your care that self-with with with your care that self-with with with your care that self-with with your care that self-with with your care that self-with with your care that you care that self-with with your care that you care that |
| 5.    | Prose hygosthetical questions to help your client imagine a new state of behavior and to outcome.  Nementor that they don't have to be "all things to at people," Some pids will be incide retended with one rater group over another.   |  |
| 6.    | Convetopment should tellance personal goals as well as all tellance personal goals as well as all tellances. Oreservyour cleart does not only focus on one or the other.  "How" questions help work out the logistics of your future estationality.  If appropriate, complete the Development Action Pipe together with your clears. |  |



# Open-Ended Responses

This page shows how your raters responded to the short-answer questions presented in the EQ 360. Answering these questions is optional, so you may see a different number of responses to each question. If none of your raters chose to answer a particular question, "No one answered this question" will appear in the answer field.

Q: How does this individual involve other in the decision-making process?

Jack makes sure that everyone is heard when they are voicing their opinions.

P1: P2:

**P3:** No one answered this question.

DR1: DR2:

**DR3:** No one answered this question.

Q: Describe the overall quality of your relationship with this person.

M1: I really enjoy working with this person.

Good, they are very personable

P2: Not Provided

P3: Good

DR1: DR2:

**DR3:** No one answered this question.

What should this individual do less?

M1: No one answered this question.

P1: Be less interested in other peoples business

P2: Not Provided

Be less assertive, listen to others more.

**DR1:** Not Provided DR2: Be more flexible **DR3:** Not Provided

How does this individual respond when resolving conflicts?

M1: Perfectly.

**P1:** Appropriately, they are sure to cover all of their bases.

P2: Not Provided P3: Appropriately

DR1: DR2:

**DR3:** No one answered this question.



# My Items

The following short-answer questions were added by your administrator. Answering these questions is optional, so you may see a different number of responses to each question. If none of your raters chose to answer a particular question, "No one answered this question" will appear in the answer field.

### Q: What should this individual do more?

M1: Ensure that everyone knows about large decisions.

P1: Be more optimistic Not Provided P3: Be more organized

**DR1:** Not Provided

DR2: Be more spontaneous

**DR3:** Not Provided